Year 6 - Living things and their habitat.

Classification Learn this vocabulary Living things can be classified and sorted into groups by comparing key characteristics Arachnid An animal that has eight legs and a body and deciding how things are the same or different. formed of two parts A vertebrate animal that has dry scaly Reptile Animals skin and lays eggs on land An animal that is born with gills then Amphibian develops lungs, lays eggs in water, damp Invertebrates Vertebrates skin, body temperature changes Mostly live in water with a hard shell Crustaceans and segmented body Chordata Arthropods Molluscs Vertebrate An animal with backbone Mammals Birds Insects Arachnids Invertebrate An animal without a backbone Reptiles Amphibians Crustaceans A warm-blooded egg-laying vertebrate animal with feathers, wings and Bird normally able to fly.

Microorganisms

Microorganisms are very small living things and can be seen with a powerful microscope. They can be found almost everywhere and can live both on and in our bodies.

Microorganisms can be:			
Animals such as dust mites	- Alexander		Fungi such as mould.
Bacteria		Viruses - but they are not really alive and some scientists argue that they are not microorganisms.	Some microorganisms are helpful - yeast helps bread to rise. Some are not - bacteria that causes infection.