



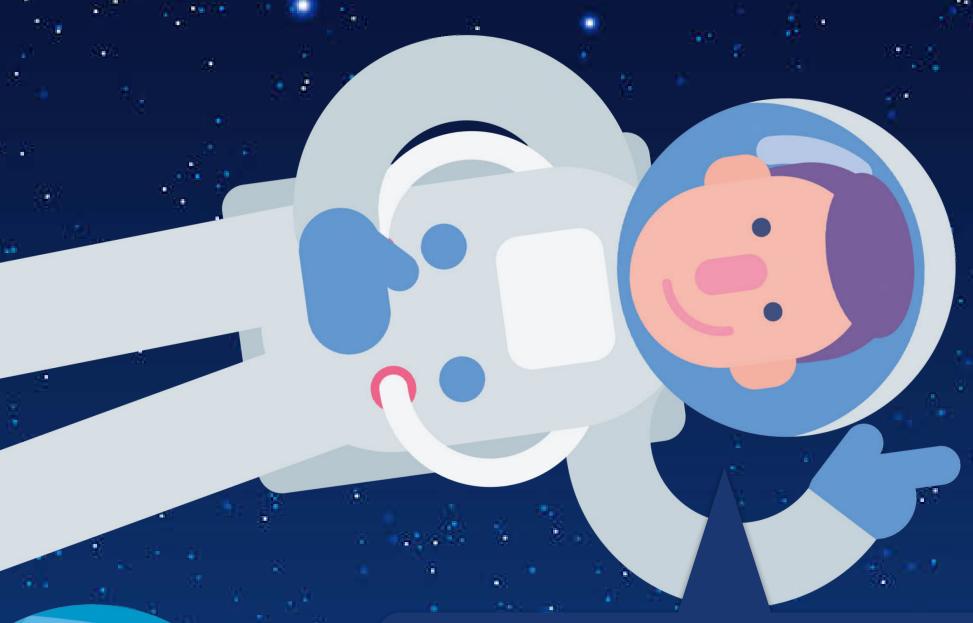




As the Moon orbits

Earth, the way we see it

in the sky changes.











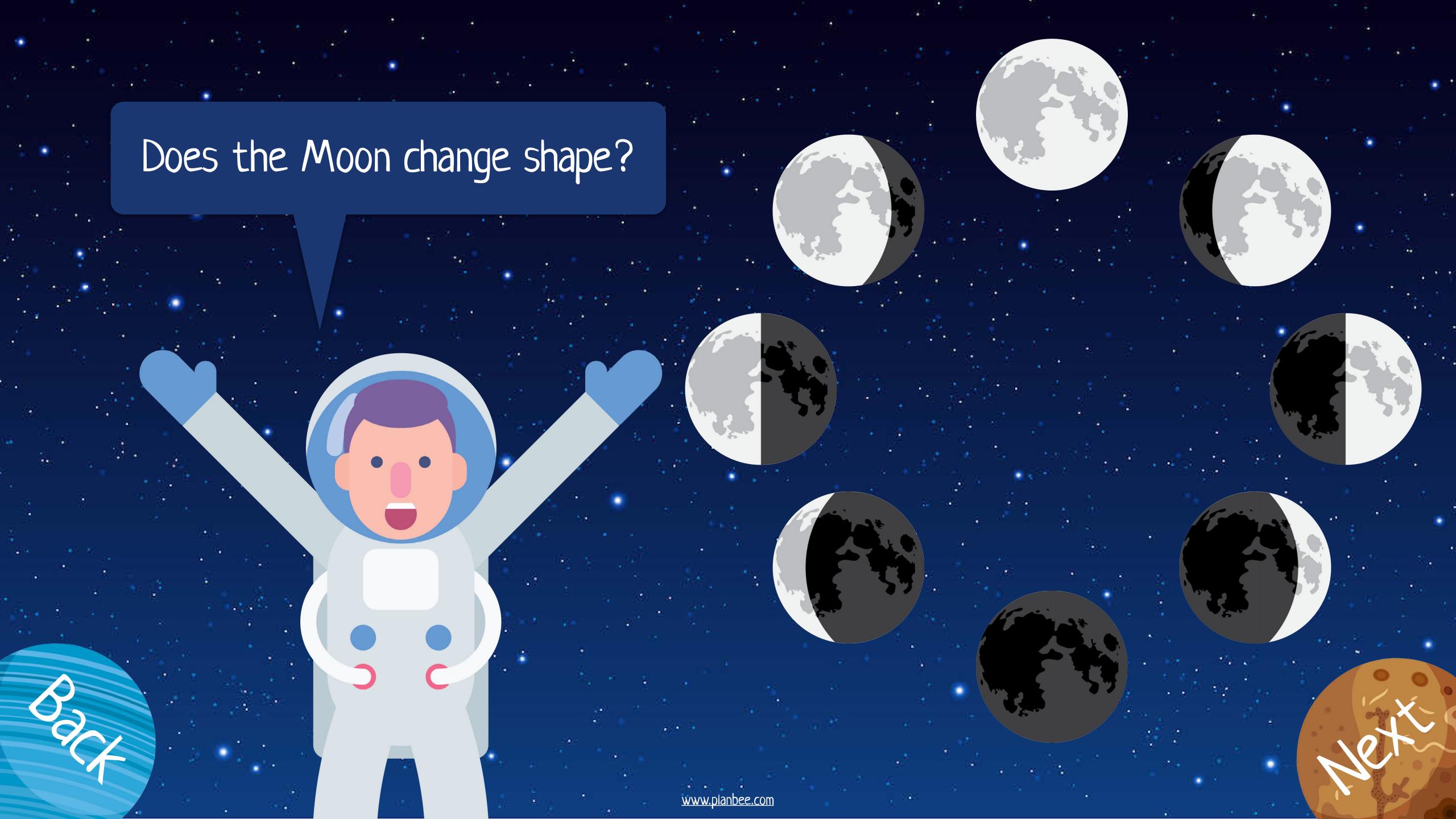












The Moon is always a roughly spherical shape. Its shape does not change. The part which changes is the part of the Moon which is lit by the Sun.

The Moon does <u>not</u> produce its own light. The light we see is the Sun's light reflected off the Moon.













The Moon orbits Earth in an anticlockwise direction.

As it orbits, we see different phases of the Moon.

The Moon's phases will slowly change from being fully lit up, to fully in shadow in a repeating cycle. This orbit and cycle takes around 28 days or a lunar month to complete.

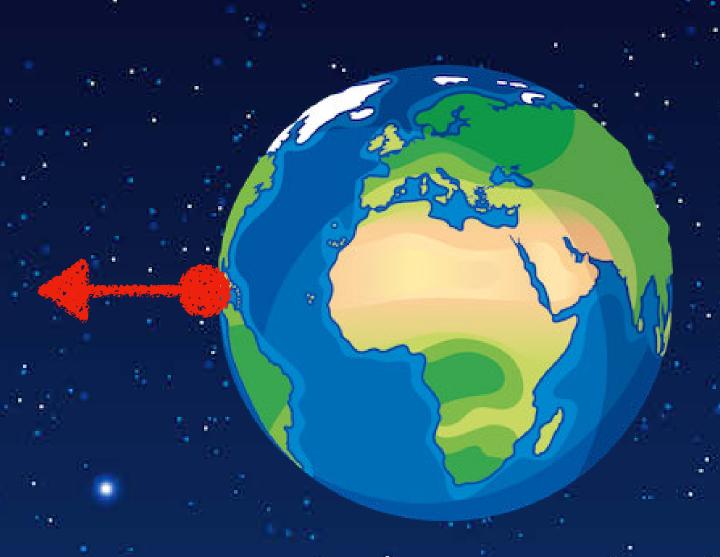


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The Sun's light always lights up the half of the Moon facing the Sun.



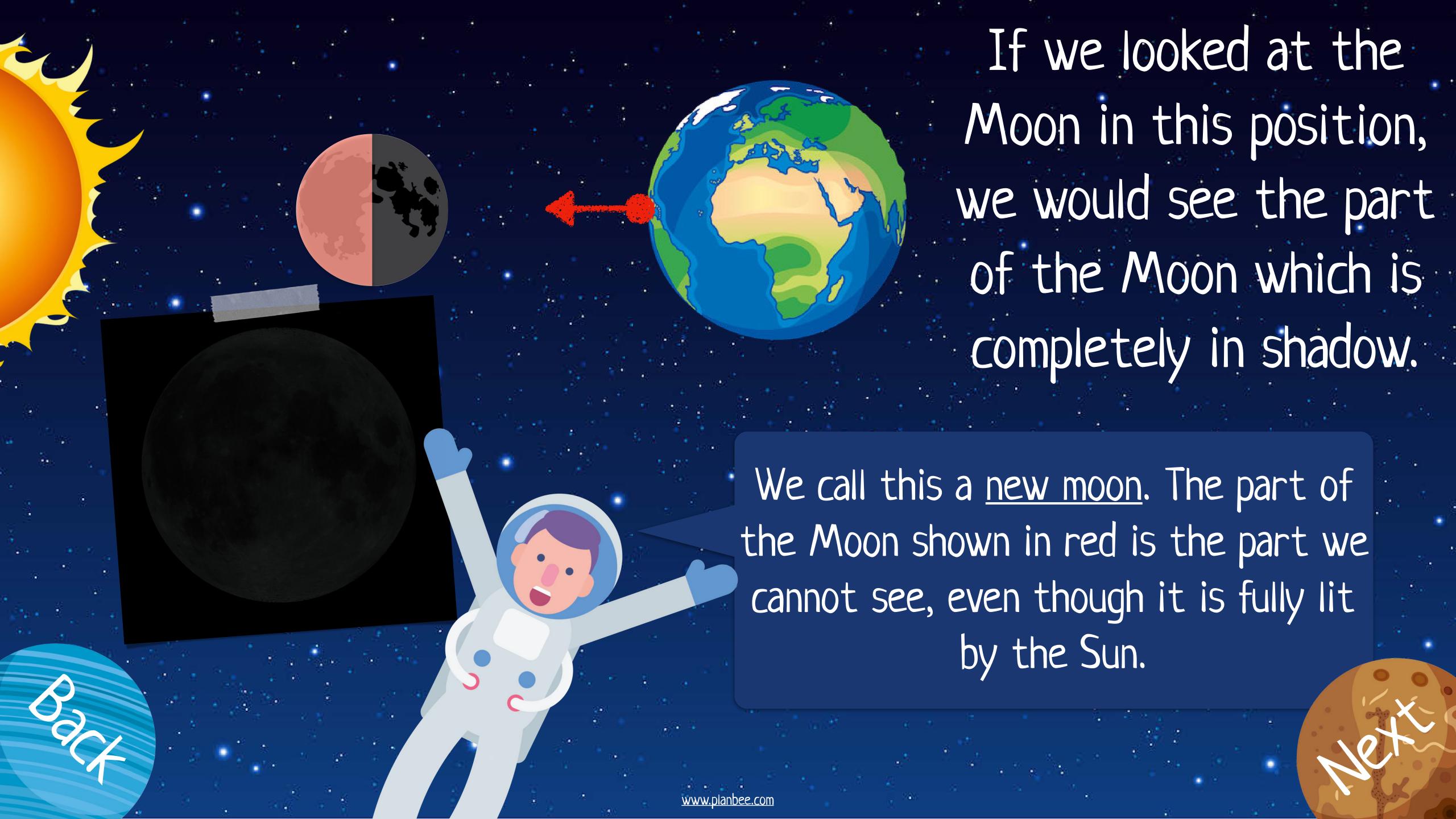


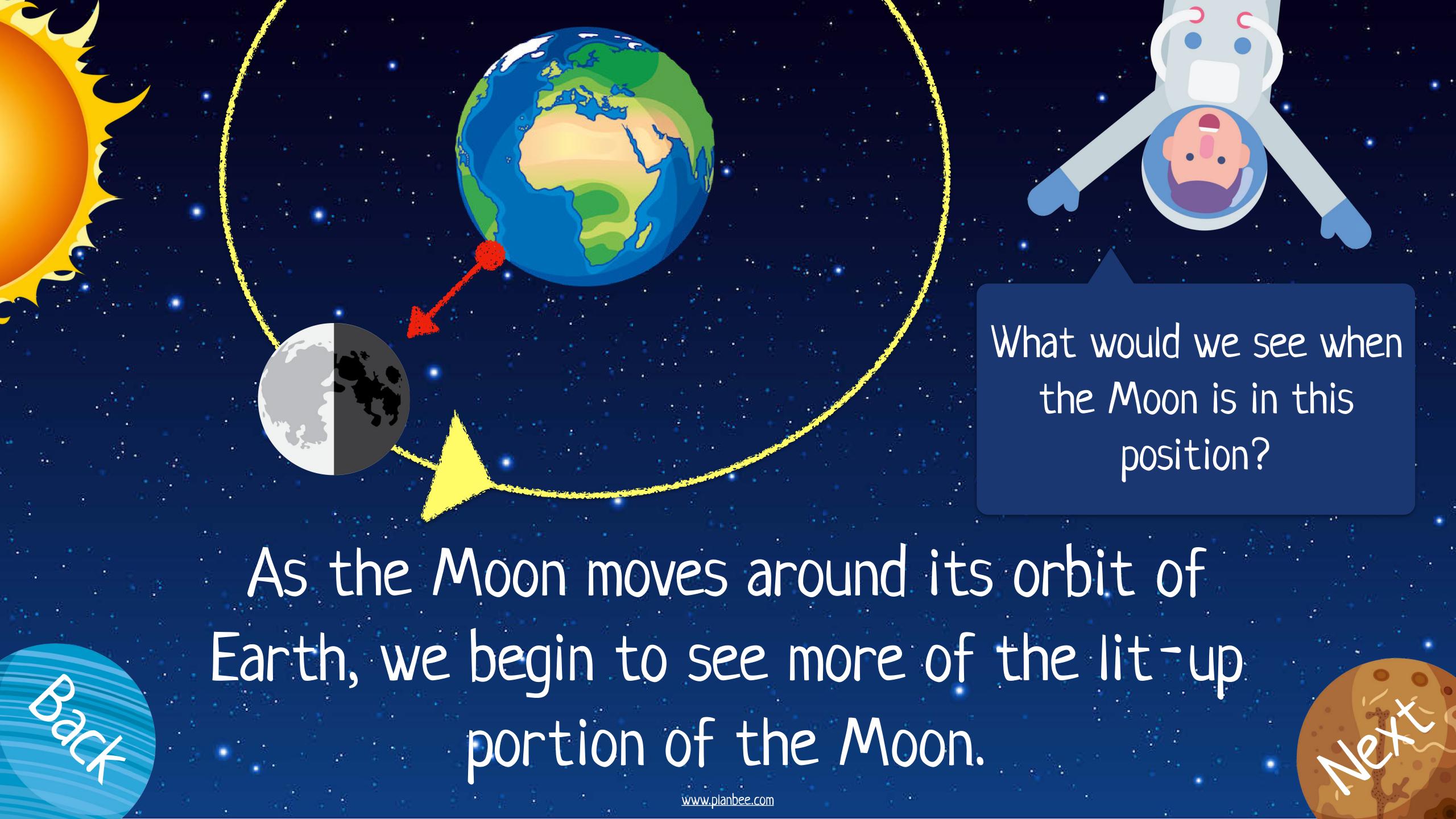


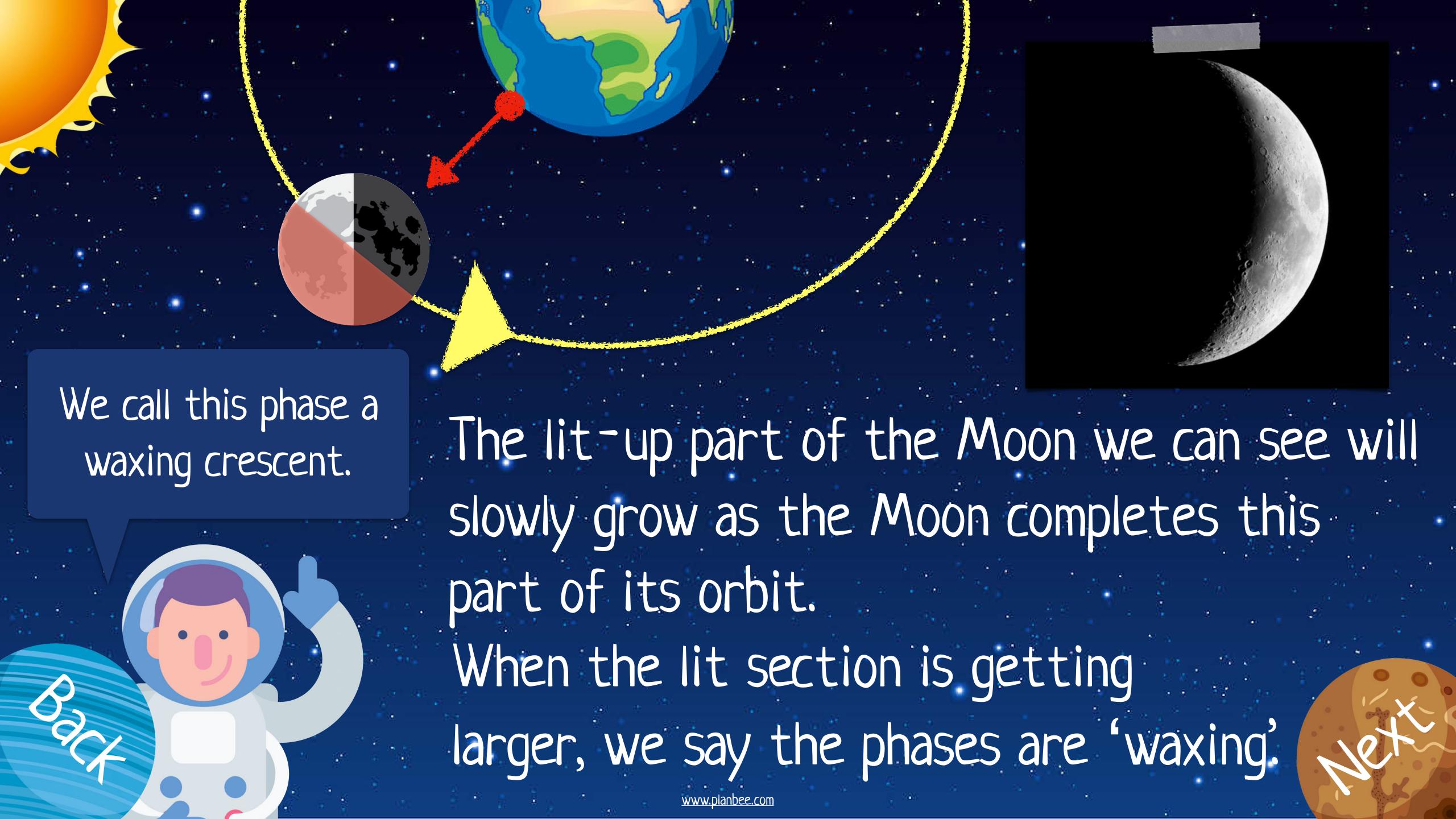




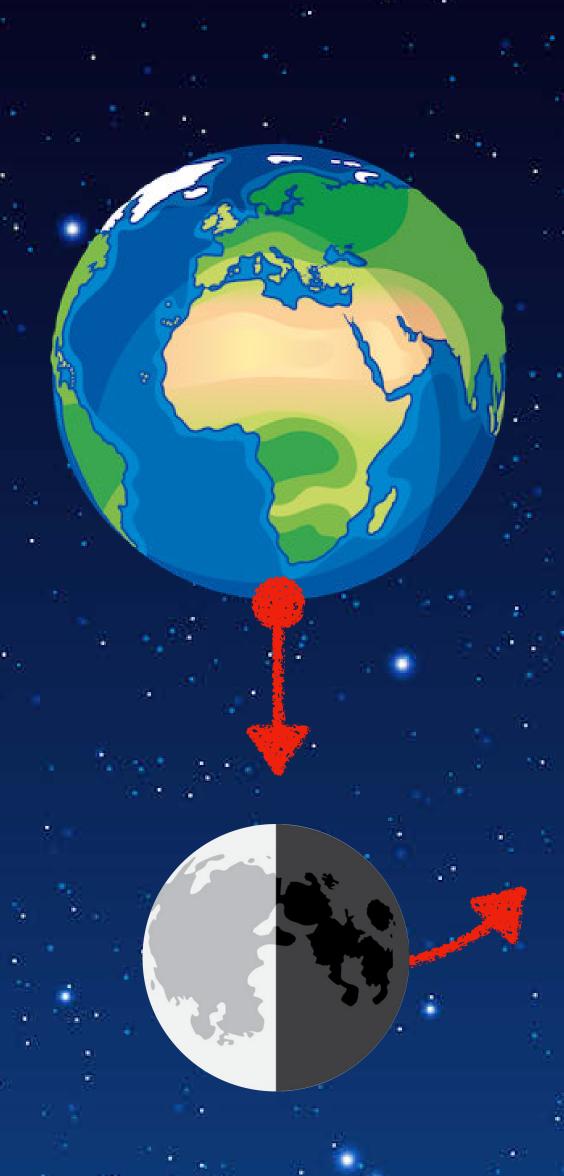
If you looked at the Moon from the arrow on Earth, what would you see?







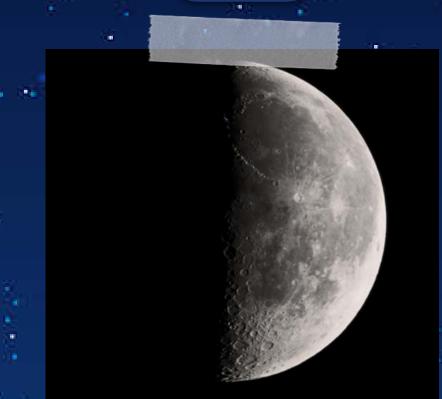




Which of these Moon phases would you see when the Moon is in this position?









The lit-up quarter of the Moon we can see.

The half of the Moon we can't see.

The shadowed quarter of the Moon we can't see.

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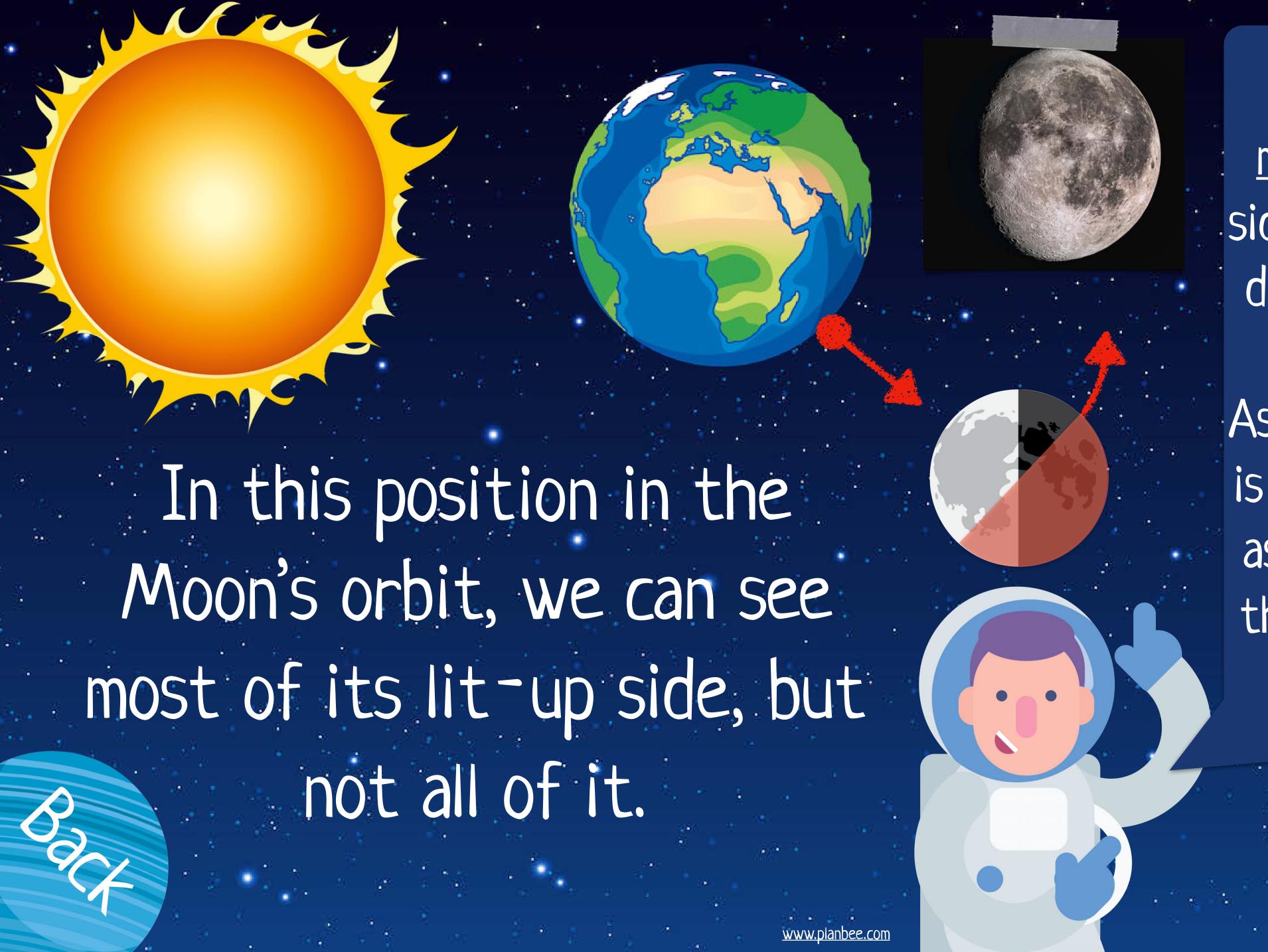


We would see what looks like a half moon.

We call this phase the first quarter.

We call it a quarter because we can only see a quarter of the entire surface of the Moon.

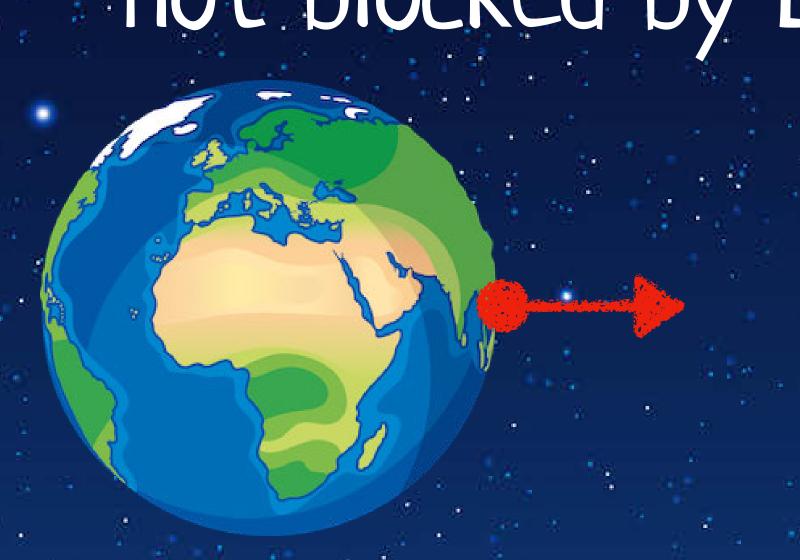




When we can see most of the lit-up side of the Moon, we describe phases like this as gibbous. As this gibbous phase is still getting larger as the Moon orbits, this phase is called a waxing gibbous.



The Moon's orbit is not perfectly perpendicular to Earth's equator; it tilts slightly. This means that most of the time the Sun's light can still reach the Moon and is not blocked by Earth.











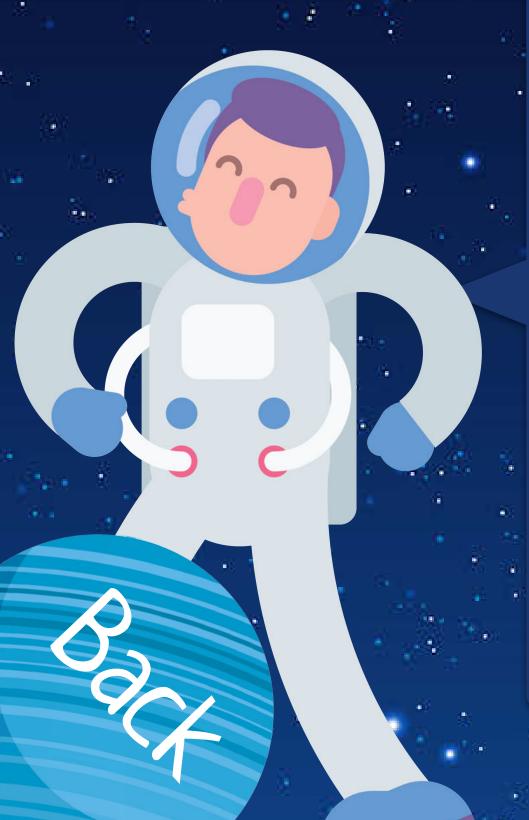


As the Moon completes its orbit, we see the same phases as before, but in reverse order.

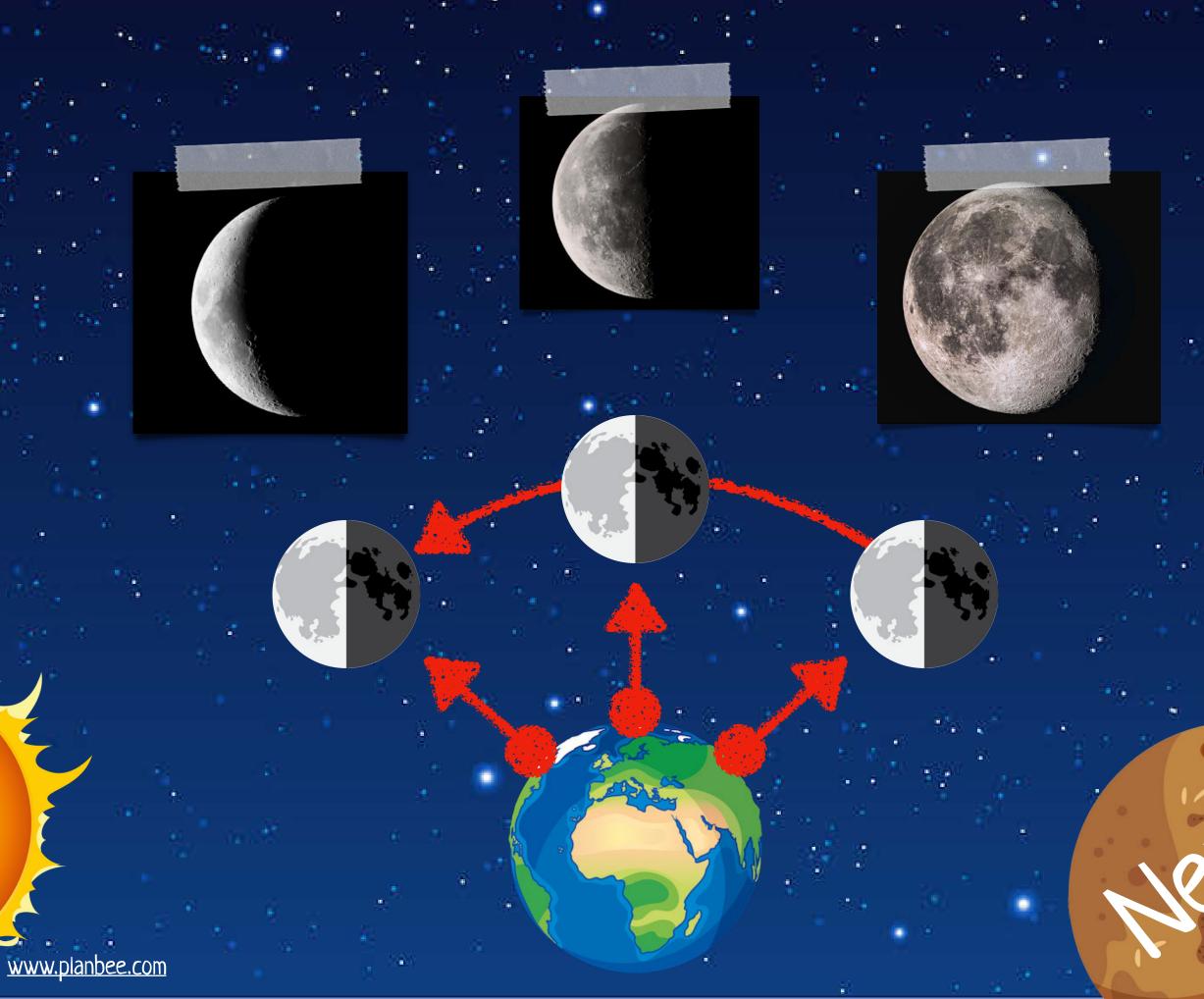
Third quarter

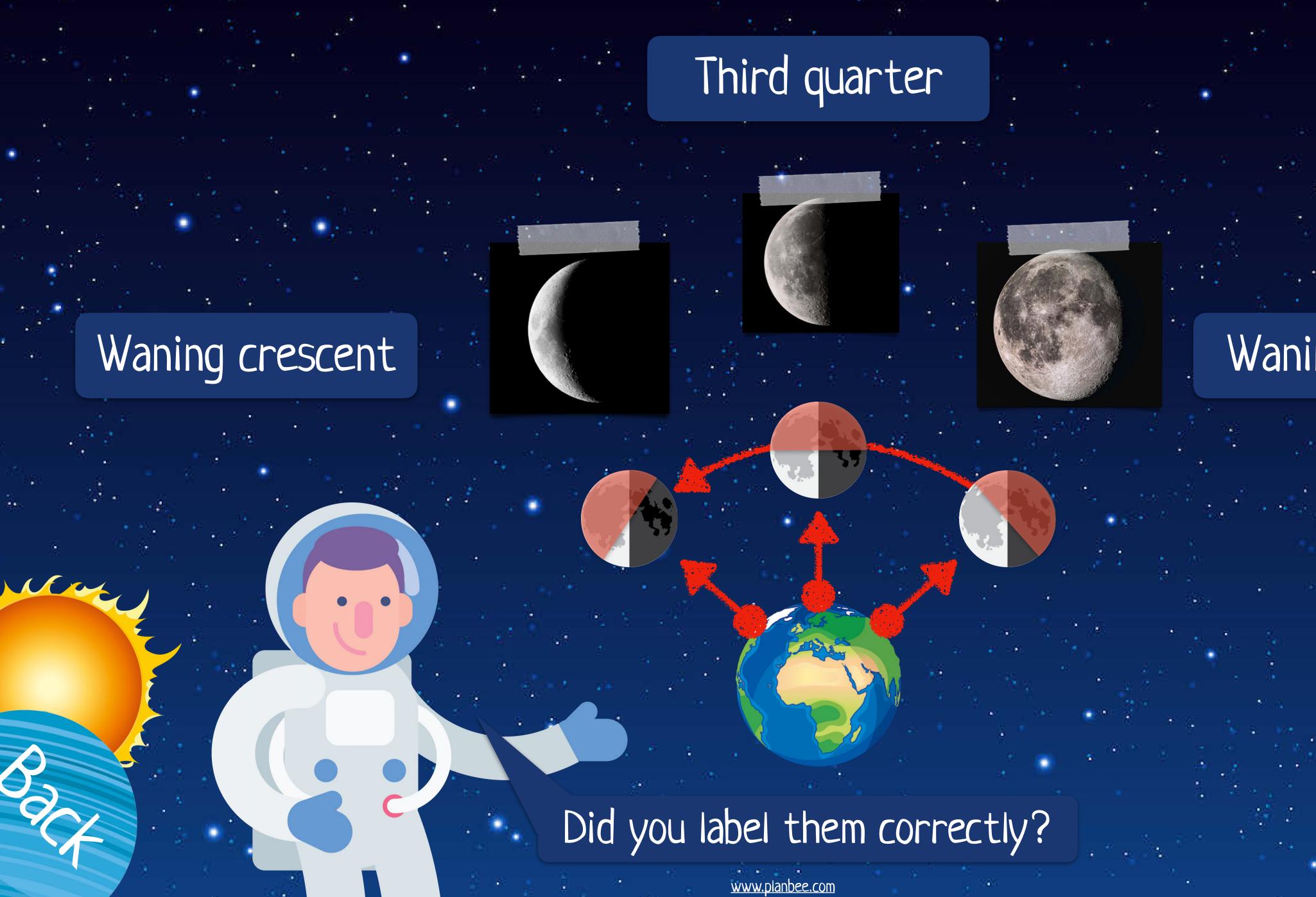
Waning gibbous

Waning crescent



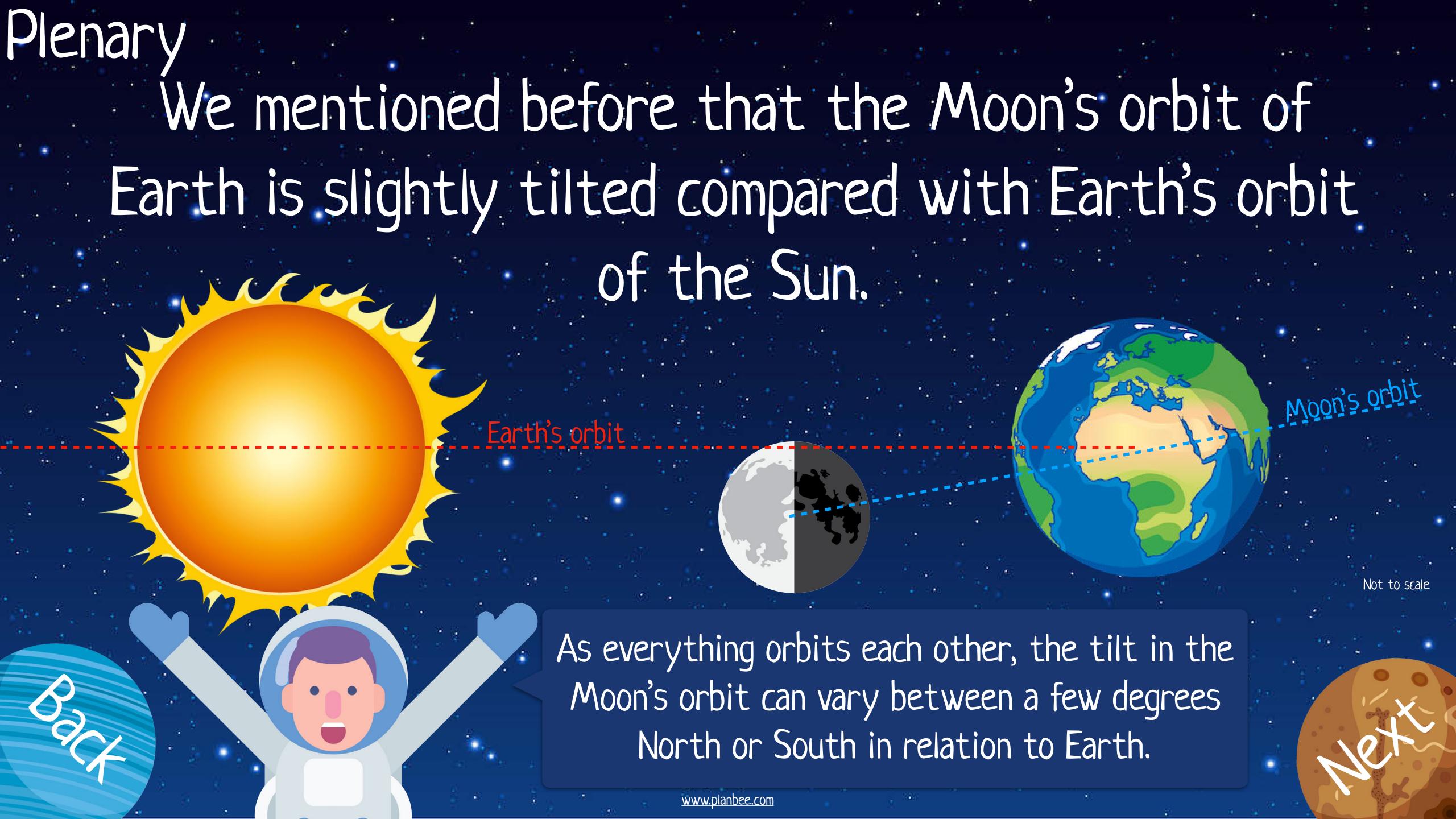
However, the lit-up portion of the Moon's surface we can see is getting smaller. For these phases we say that they are waning. Do you think you could label these phases?



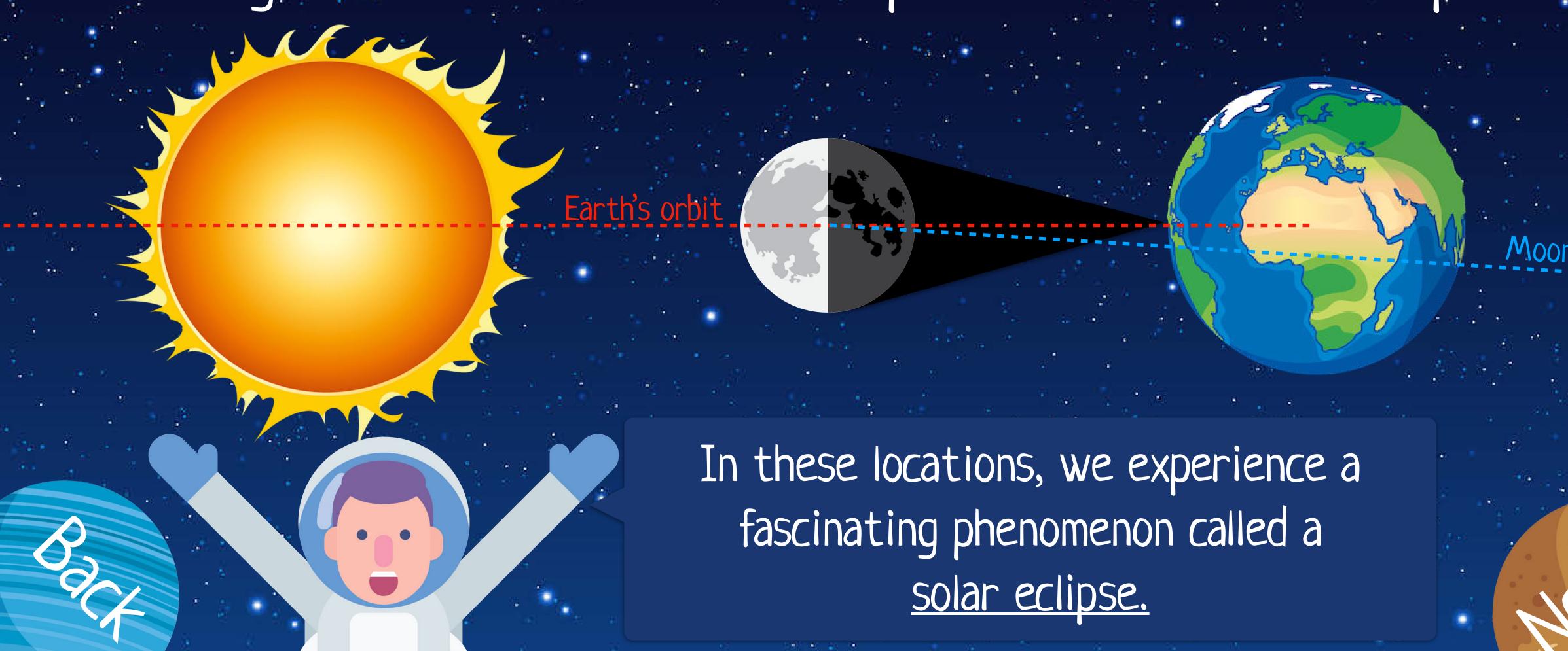


Waning gibbous





Sometimes the Moon's orbit crosses with Earth's orbit so that the Moon moves directly between Earth and Sun. This blocks the light and casts a shadow on specific locations on the planet.



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Plenary When this happens we can see the shadow of the Moon moving across the shape of the Sun in the sky. It can block the Sun totally (which happens rarely in each location) or partially block the Sun.





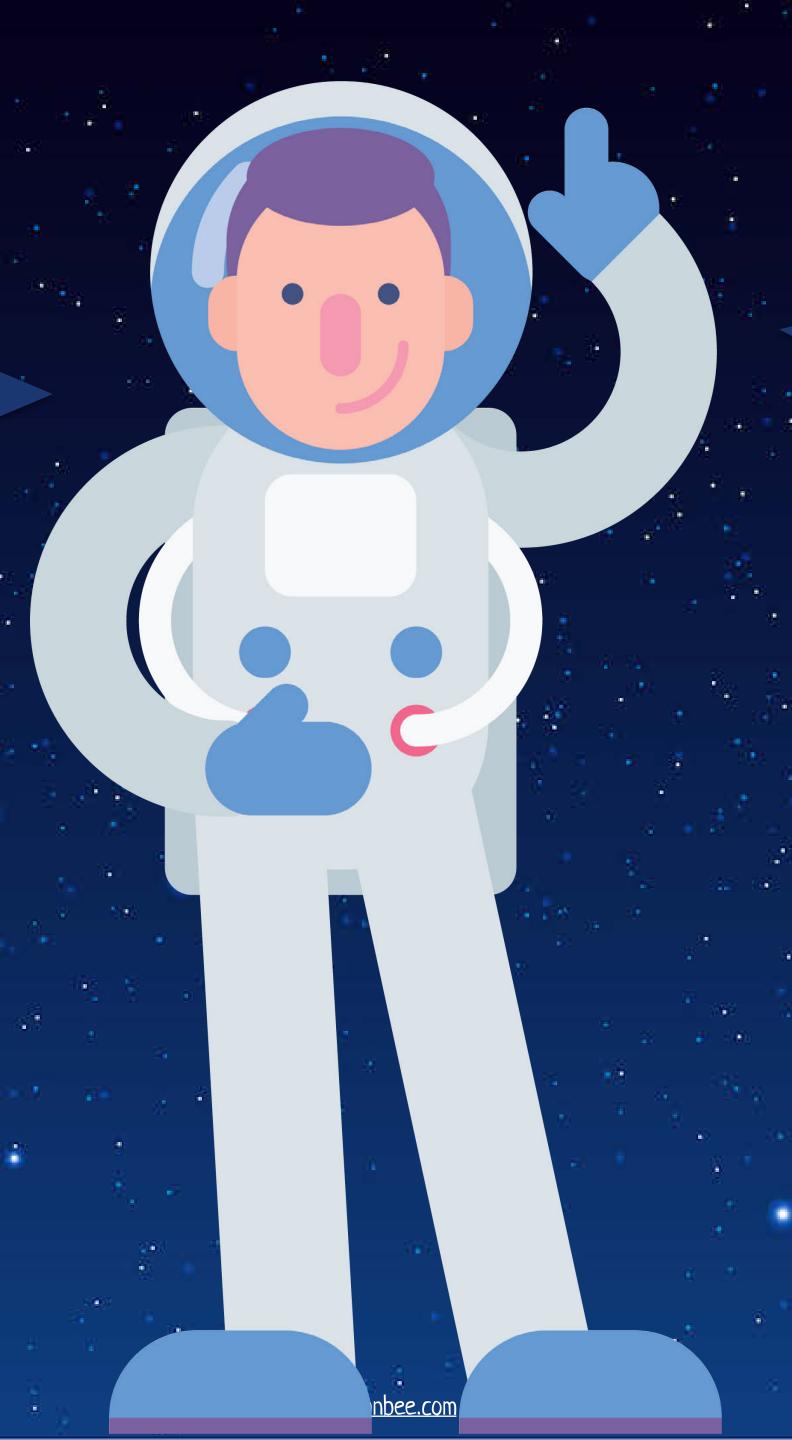


WARNING: You should <u>never</u> look directly at the Sun, even when wearing sunglasses.



The last <u>total</u> eclipse to happen in parts of the UK was in 1999.

The next <u>total</u> eclipse in the UK won't be until 2081!



Click here to watch a video about eclipses.